<table>
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<th>Piece #</th>
<th>Core Type</th>
<th>Leg</th>
<th>Site</th>
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<td>6256</td>
<td>517</td>
<td>X</td>
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</table>

**VISUAL CORE DESCRIPTION**

**SEDIMENTS / SEDIMENTARY ROCKS**

**SECTION DESCRIPTION**

- No body.
- Bioturbated, only fractured.
- Grayish green (5G 7/1) from a distance, but looking critically deep gray (5G 7/1) inside.
- Color changed along cut plane or fracture.
- Probably after drilling, a split tip, by oxidized by water, or air...

(\* This tendency is noticeable at the lower half of Sec. 1) (Siliceous Claystone (or mudstone), when database depend on the HU-oxide grain.)

\[ Fe^{2+} \rightarrow Fe^{3+} \text{ in clay?} \]

- Scaly cleavage, I think, due to mostly by drilling, \( \varepsilon \) this is the mechanical properties of these rocks.
  - High pore content
  - Less strong
  - Clay properties...